

Sncode : Loop for (i=0;i<10;i+=2) do ... endfor

- Another example:

```
for(i=0,j=10;i<10;i+=2,--j) do // a=++i; a=i++; --j j--  
    i; " "; j; " "  
    if i == 5 then "\n"; endif  
endfor
```

```
return  
0 10 1 9 2 8 3 7 4 6 5 5  
6 4 7 3 8 2 9 1
```

Sncode : Loop for i in variable do ... endfor

```
a = [1,2,3,4] ;
for i in a do
    i; " ";
endfor // return 1 2 3 4
for i in { "x" : 1, "y" : 2 } do
    i; " ";
endfor // return
{"key":"x","nbrows":2,"value":1}
{"key":"y","nbrows":2,"value":2}
```

Sncode : Loop for i function(...) do ... endfor

- Some function in Sncode can be used as a "callback" function
- The loop will be perform for each row return by the callback function

```
for i sql("select username from sed_login_user") do;  
    i; " ";  
endfor
```

will return for each user:

```
{"sqlerr": "", "error": false, "nbrows": 23,  
"sqlcode": 0, "rows": { "username": "arnaud" },
```

Callback functions: common mistake

What will be the result of:

```
for i in sql("select username from sed_login_user") do;  
    i; " "  
endfor  
  
{ "key": "sql", "nbrows": 8, "value": "select username  
from sed_login_user" }  
...
```

Other callback functions: split

- split

```
for i split(delimiter:";", "1;2;3;4;5") do
    i; " ";
endfor
// return 1 2 3 4 5
```

Callback functions : splitre

- split a string based on a regular expression
- What is a regular expression:

"A **regular expression** (shortened as **regex** or **regexp**; ^[1] also referred to as **rational expression**)^{[2][3]} is a sequence of characters that define a search pattern. Usually such patterns are used by string searching algorithms for "find" or "find and replace" operations on strings, or for input validation. It is a technique developed in theoretical computer science and formal language theory"

Regular expression

- Some examples:

- \s, \s+, \s*, \S+
- ^
- \$
- [a-zA-Z0-9]+
- \d+
- .
- ()
- getre(1)

Example 1

```
{ {  
    phone = "514-945-1779";  
  
    if phone =~ "^(\d+)-(\d+)-(\d+)\$" then  
        p1 = getre(1);  
        p2 = getre(2);  
        p3 = getre(3);  
        "p1="; p1; "\n";  
        "p2="; p2; "\n";  
        "p3="; p3; "\n";  
    else  
        "Does not match\n";  
    endif  
} }
```

Exercice 1

```
{ {

    code1 = "J4P2R2";
    code2 = "J4P 2R2";
    code3 = "J4P-2R2";

    function try_to_match(code)
        // return part 1 and part 2 of postal code
        if code =~ "your regular expression" then
            else
                json.errcode = 1;
        endif
        return json;
    endf

    try_to_match(code1); "\n";      try_to_match(code2); "\n";
    try_to_match(code3); "\n";      try_to_match("code3"); "\n";
} }
```

Callback functions : splitre

- Examples: [-] match space or -

```
for i splitre(re:"[ -]",value:"514 945-1779") do  
    i; " ";  
endfor
```

- return :

```
{"data": ["514", "945", "1779"], "nbrows": 3, "value": "514"}  
{"data": ["514", "945", "1779"], "nbrows": 3, "value": "945"}  
{"data": ["514", "945", "1779"], "nbrows": 3, "value": "1779"} à
```

Callback function : explode

```
for i explode("-", "123-456-7890") do
i; " ";
endfor
// return
{ "nb":0,"nbrows":3,"value":"123","array":["123","456","7
890"] }
{ "nb":1,"nbrows":3,"value":"456","array":["123","456","7
890"] }
{ "nb":2,"nbrows":3,"value":"7890","array":["123","456",
"7890"] }
```

Callback functions : explode

```
for i explode("-", "123-456-7890", "2") do
    i.value; " ";
endfor
return
123 456-7890
```

Callback functions : select

```
for i
select(tables:"sn_users", fields:"uid,username")
do
    i.rows; " ";
endfor
// return
{ "username":"chantal", "uid":"2" }
{ "username":"laplante", "uid":"1" }
{ "username":"macbea", "uid":"3" }
```

Sncode : Loop while expr do ... endw

```
a = [ 2, 5, 7, 10];
found = false;
n=0;
while !found do
    if a[n] == 7 then
        found = true;
    else
        n++;
    endif
endw
if found then "Found at position "; n; endif
```

Sncode : Loop do ... until expr;

do

...

until found;

Exercice:

Do the last loop using do ... until found;

Sncode : Loop do ... until expr;

```
a = [ 2, 5, 7, 10];
found = false;
n=0;
do
    if a[n] == 7 then
        found = true;
    else
        n++;
    endif
until found;
if found then "Found at position "; n; endif
```

Exercice

- Write a program to output

1 2 3 4 5

6 7 8 9 10

...

996 997 998 999 1000

Hint! : Use modulo operator if $i \% 5 == 0$ then "
"; endif

Answer

```
{ {  
for(i=1;i<=1000;++i) do  
    i; " ";  
    if i % 5 == 0 then "\n"; endif  
endfor  
} }
```